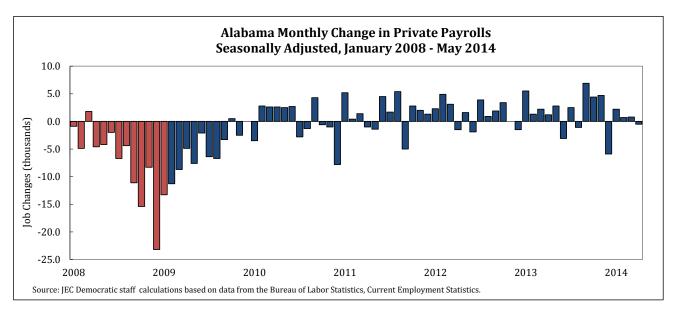
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: ALABAMA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through May 2014

JOBS

- In May, private-sector employment in Alabama fell by 500 jobs. Over the past year, the Alabama private sector has added 14,400 jobs. This compares with an increase of 18,500 jobs over the 12 months ending in May 2013.
- Alabama private-sector employers have added 63,000 jobs (an increase of 4.3 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Alabama, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (19,100 jobs), leisure and hospitality (15,800 jobs) and education and health services (12,200 jobs).
- The Alabama sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: leisure and hospitality (9.5 percent), professional and business services (9.4 percent) and education and health services (5.7 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Alabama was 6.8 percent in May 2014, down 0.1 percentage point from April. The rate is up 0.4 percentage point from one year earlier but remains below its recent peak of 10.4 percent in December 2009.
- 147,100 Alabama residents were unemployed during May 2014, down from a recent high of 221,400 in September 2009. There are still 65,500 more people unemployed in Alabama than when the recession began.
- In Alabama, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 17,669 during May, up 4.1 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 11.9 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In Alabama, exports totaled \$1.6 billion in April and \$19.3 billion over the past year, down 0.1 percent from the 12 months ending in April 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Alabama exports over the past 12 months are up 27.2 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

Housing

- Home prices in Alabama increased by 1.0 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 1.1 percent since their recent low in the fourth quarter of 2013 but remain 8.7 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Alabama totaled 9,890 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in April 2014, a decrease of 37.4 percent from March.
- Within the South census region, which includes Alabama, sales of new single-family homes totaled 235,000 units in April 2014, an increase of 3.1 percent from March. Sales of existing single-family homes remained steady at 1,680,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from March to April 2014.

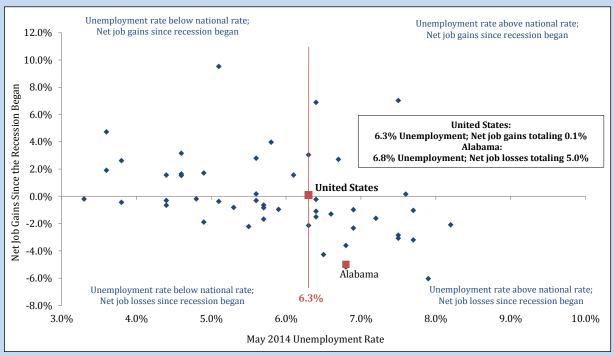
^{*} For Alabama-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Alabama office: http://www2.dir.state.al.us/

How Does Alabama Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Alabama to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Alabama, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.6% and net job gains totaling 27.6% since the start of the recession.

	STATE QUICK FACTS		
		Alabama	United States
Unemployment Rates	May 2014	6.8%	6.3%
	May 2013	6.4%	7.5%
	May 2012	7.3%	8.2%
	May 2011	8.8%	9.0%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2013	9.8%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	5.6%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	5.7%	9.0%
Median Household Income	2012	\$ 43,464	\$ 51,017
(2012 \$)	2007	\$ 46,745	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	16.2%	15.0%
	2007	14.5%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	. 2012	14.8%	15.4%
	2007	11.7%	14.7%